1	HOUSE BILL NO. 625
2	INTRODUCED BY J. MUSGROVE, FRITZ, GALVIN-HALCRO, MASOLO, OLSON, RIPLEY, WOLERY
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CREATING AN INTERIM COMMITTEE TO STUDY THE
5	ADEQUACY AND EQUITY OF PROGRAMS, SERVICES, AND FUNDING FOR K-12 PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN
6	MONTANA; REQUIRING THE GOVERNOR AND THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO
7	CONDUCT A STUDY OF K-12 PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDING AND RELATED ISSUES, CRITERION-BASED
8	TESTING, AND TERRITORY TRANSFERS BETWEEN DISTRICTS; ESTABLISHING A LEGISLATIVE SELECT
9	COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDING; REQUIRING THE GOVERNOR TO PREPARE AND SUBMIT A
10	PRELIMINARY AND FINAL STUDY REPORT TO THE SELECT EDUCATION INTERIM COMMITTEE AND, IF
11	APPROPRIATE, PROPOSE LEGISLATION FOR THE 2003 LEGISLATURE; AUTHORIZING RECEIPT OF
12	DONATIONS; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION; PROVIDING APPROPRIATIONS; AND PROVIDING AN
13	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."
14	
15	WHEREAS, MONTANA'S K-12 PUBLIC SCHOOLS ARE AMONG THE BEST IN THE NATION, DESPITE THE FACT THAT
16	FUNDING OF K-12 PUBLIC SCHOOLS IS BECOMING INCREASINGLY CHALLENGING; AND
17	WHEREAS, SIGNIFICANT TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATIONS IN EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS AND TEACHING METHODS
18	ARE BEING DEVELOPED AND IMPROVED; AND
19	WHEREAS, PUBLIC SCHOOLS ARE INCREASINGLY FACING DEMANDS FOR, AND COMPETITION FROM, ELECTRONIC
20	DELIVERY OF EDUCATION; AND
21	WHEREAS, SOME EXISTING PROBLEMS FACING EDUCATORS COULD BE REMEDIED THROUGH MORE FLEXIBLE
22	DELIVERY OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS; AND
23	WHEREAS, SOME HOME-SCHOOLED STUDENTS COULD ENHANCE THE QUALITY OF THEIR EDUCATION THROUGH
24	ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING AND THROUGH LIMITED PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC K-12 SCHOOL
25	<u>CURRICULA.</u>
26	
27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
28	(Refer to Introduced Bill)
29	Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:
30	



1	NEW SECTION. Section 1. K-12 public school funding study district territorial transfers
2	criterion-based testing duties HEARINGS. (1) The governor and the superintendent of public instruction
3	shall, within the provisions of the Montana constitution as interpreted by the Montana supreme court,
4	conduct a study of funding for K-12 public schools, including but not limited to:
5	(a) analyzing the factors currently in law that are used to compute budget authority for schools
6	to determine if additional factors or changes in those factors are necessary to equitably provide budget
7	authority to public schools;
8	(B) DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE ALLOCATION OF FUNDING TO ADEQUATELY FUND ELEMENTARY, MIDDLE
9	SCHOOL, SEVENTH AND EIGHTH GRADE, AND HIGH SCHOOL PROGRAMS;
10	(b)(c) determining if a statewide salary schedule for school staff is possible under the
11	constitutional provision for trustee management of school districts;
12	(c)(D) determining if the current budget computations are prohibiting or discouraging local decisions
13	to consolidate school districts;
14	(d)(E) determining the adequacy and equity of the current statutory authority for public schools
15	to access the funds necessary to provide facilities for school districts and state support for school facility
16	costs;
16 17	costs; (e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation;
17	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation;
17 18	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund
17 18 19	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts;
17 18 19 20	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity;
17 18 19 20 21	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE
17 18 19 20 21	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE OF DECLINING ENROLLMENT AND THE RESULTING FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND THE STATE;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE OF DECLINING ENROLLMENT AND THE RESULTING FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND THE STATE; (I) ANALYZING THE FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO TEACHER SALARIES, IN COMPARISON TO OTHER STATES, FROM THE
117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	(e)(F) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE OF DECLINING ENROLLMENT AND THE RESULTING FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND THE STATE; (I) ANALYZING THE FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO TEACHER SALARIES, IN COMPARISON TO OTHER STATES, FROM THE DECLINING CLASSROOM SIZES THAT HAVE BEEN IMPOSED ON K-12 SCHOOLS IN RECENT YEARS, INCLUDING WHAT THE
117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	(e)(f) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(g) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE OF DECLINING ENROLLMENT AND THE RESULTING FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND THE STATE; (I) ANALYZING THE FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO TEACHER SALARIES, IN COMPARISON TO OTHER STATES, FROM THE DECLINING CLASSROOM SIZES THAT HAVE BEEN IMPOSED ON K-12 SCHOOLS IN RECENT YEARS, INCLUDING WHAT THE IMPACTS WOULD BE IF THE MONTANA STUDENT-TEACHER RATIOS HAD REMAINED AT THE 1995 LEVELS;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(e)(f) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(g) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE OF DECLINING ENROLLMENT AND THE RESULTING FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND THE STATE; (I) ANALYZING THE FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO TEACHER SALARIES, IN COMPARISON TO OTHER STATES, FROM THE DECLINING CLASSROOM SIZES THAT HAVE BEEN IMPOSED ON K-12 SCHOOLS IN RECENT YEARS, INCLUDING WHAT THE IMPACTS WOULD BE IF THE MONTANA STUDENT-TEACHER RATIOS HAD REMAINED AT THE 1995 LEVELS; (J) ANALYZING THE EDUCATIONAL AND FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS THAT IMPROVED TECHNOLOGY CAN HAVE FOR
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(e)(f) determining the adequacy and equity of current funding for pupil transportation; (f)(G) determining if appropriate disparity exists in the current local tax effort necessary to fund school districts; (g)(H) analyzing the current allocation of state funds to public schools to determine its equity; (H)(I) ANALYZING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INCREASING STAFFING LEVELS IN THE CLASSROOM IN THE FACE OF DECLINING ENROLLMENT AND THE RESULTING FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND THE STATE; (I) ANALYZING THE FINANCIAL IMPACTS TO TEACHER SALARIES, IN COMPARISON TO OTHER STATES, FROM THE DECLINING CLASSROOM SIZES THAT HAVE BEEN IMPOSED ON K-12 SCHOOLS IN RECENT YEARS, INCLUDING WHAT THE IMPACTS WOULD BE IF THE MONTANA STUDENT-TEACHER RATIOS HAD REMAINED AT THE 1995 LEVELS; (J) ANALYZING THE EDUCATIONAL AND FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS THAT IMPROVED TECHNOLOGY CAN HAVE FOR SCHOOL FUNDING AND STRUCTURE IN THE FUTURE AND THE ROLE THAT DISTANCE LEARNING CAN PLAY IN THIS STRUCTURE

1	$\frac{(h)(L)(K)}{(L)(K)}$ determining if issues not listed in this section are affecting the equity of school funding
2	in Montana and analyzing those issues;
3	(i)(M)(L) analyzing the school district structure that currently exists and determining if reducing the
4	number of districts could provide efficiency in the operations of the districts and make existing resources
5	available for classroom activities; AND
6	(j)(N) determining ways to provide more accountability in Montana's educational system; and
7	(k)(o) determining ways to accomplish territorial transfers between school districts.; AND
8	(P)(M) DETERMINING IF THE EXISTENCE OF 25 BUDGETED AND NONBUDGETED FUNDS UNREASONABLY RESTRICTS
9	LOCAL DECISIONMAKERS.
10	(2) The governor, after consultation with the superintendent of public instruction, shall prepare
11	and submit a preliminary report by April 1, 2002 DECEMBER 31, 2001, on the findings and recommendations
12	of the study to the select committee on public school funding established in [section 2] EDUCATION INTERIM
13	COMMITTEE.
14	(3) (a) The education interim committee shall:
15	(A) HOLD HEARINGS AND TAKE PUBLIC COMMENT ON THE PRELIMINARY REPORT PREPARED AND SUBMITTED BY
16	THE GOVERNOR. THE HEARINGS MUST MAY BE HELD AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS AROUND THE STATE TO FACILITATE PUBLIC
17	COMMENT ON THE GOVERNOR'S REPORT.
18	(B) BY AUGUST 1, 2002, THE EDUCATION INTERIM COMMITTEE SHALL PROVIDE TO THE GOVERNOR FOR THE
19	GOVERNOR'S CONSIDERATION A SUMMARY OF THE HEARINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CHANGES TO THE REPORT.
20	(C) THE EDUCATION INTERIM COMMITTEE MAY MAKE ANY OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS ON SCHOOL FUNDING THAT
21	THE COMMITTEE CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE. THE EDUCATION INTERIM COMMITTEE SHALL SUBMIT ITS RECOMMENDATIONS
22	AND, IF APPROPRIATE, PREPARE LEGISLATION FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE 2003 LEGISLATURE.
23	(3)(4) Upon receipt of the summary and recommendations from the select EDUCATION INTERIM
24	committee, the governor shall issue a final report and, if appropriate, prepare legislation for consideration
25	by the 2003 legislature.
26	(4)(5) The governor shall also, after consulting with the superintendent of public instruction, the
27	board of public education, and other sources as the governor may consider appropriate, provide
28	recommendations and, if appropriate, prepare legislation for consideration by the 2003 legislature for the
29	adoption of possible criterion-based testing instruments and procedures to allow school districts and the

1	(5)(6)(5) The governor may:
2	(a) appoint one or more advisory councils pursuant to 2-15-122 to assist in conducting the study;
3	(b) coordinate with any other legislative interim committee, as appropriate;
4	(c) request assistance from other legislative and executive branch agencies; and
5	(d) in addition to any legislative appropriation, accept donations for purposes of the study required
6	in this section.
7	
8	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Select committee on public school funding duties. (1) There is a
9	select committee on public school funding composed of eight members.
10	——————————————————————————————————————
11	(a) four members from the senate, not more than two of whom may be from one political party,
12	appointed by the committee on committees; and
13	(b) four members from the house of representatives, not more than two of whom may be from
14	one political party, appointed by the speaker of the house.
15	(3) The names of the committee members must be certified to the legislative services division by
16	July 1, 2001.
17	(4) The committee is attached to the legislative services division for administrative and staff
18	purposes.
19	——————————————————————————————————————
20	(a) hold hearings on the preliminary report prepared and submitted by the governor. The hearings
21	must be held at various locations around the state to facilitate public comment on the governor's report.
22	(b) by August 1, 2002, provide a summary of the hearings and recommendations for changes to
23	the report to the governor for the governor's consideration.
24	(6) Legislators serving on the committee must be reimbursed and compensated, as provided for
25	in 5-2-302, for actual and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings or conducting committee
26	business.
27	
28	NEW SECTION. Section 2. Appropriations. (1) There is appropriated \$10,000 from the general
29	fund to the governor's office SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION for the biennium beginning July 1, 2001,
30	to conduct the study provided for in [section 1].

1 (2) There is appropriated \$10,000 from the general fund to the legislative services division for the
2 biennium beginning July 1, 2001, for the expenses of the select committee on public school funding
3 EDUCATION INTERIM COMMITTEE.
4
5 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

- END -



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